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13.

THE CZAR YIELDS

Financial Matters Impress Russia's Ruler More than Bayonets

LOAN IS CONDITIONED ON PEACE

Understanding That Their Influence Has Finally Prevailed at St. Petersburg and That Proceeds Will Not be Used to Continue the War, Paris Financiers Re-Open Negotiations—Much of the Money to Remain in France.

Paris, By Cable.—The prospects of peace between Russia and Japan assumed a more definite and almost a tangible aspect as the result of the announcement of the resumption of negotiations for a Russian loan. The postponement of the loan occurred through the stand taken by the financial element against proceedings while the uncertainties of war continued, whilst a willingness to resume negotiations was construed as meaning that their influence finally has prevailed with the authorities at St. Petersburg. It seems to be the accepted view of financiers that the proceeds of the loan will not be applied to the further continuance of the war.

It is understood that of the chief inducements to a resumption of the negotiations was that a considerable portion of the proceeds shall remain in France for the purpose of meeting the interest coupons of other loans, and that the placing of contracts for government supplies will be required only after the conclusion of the hostilities.

Coupled with the announcement of resumption of the loan negotiations came a strong intimation from official and diplomatic quarters that steps looking towards peace had been definitely taken by Russia. The Foreign Office declined to confirm a report that France was likely to be interested in the first time gave credit to the statement that Russia had decided to seek peace. It was said in these quarters that Russia would deal directly with Tokyo through the French minister, who has charge of Russia's interests there.

Needs 200,000 More Men.

Gushu, By Cable.—The Japanese are following the Russian rear guard, which is moving north from Santoupa at the rate of 1-2 miles a day. On both flanks the Japanese are operating a wide turning movement, but the strength of the flanking forces has not been definitely ascertained. A number of places along the railroad between Santoupa and Gushu Pass there are broken hills with steep sides and gorges at the foot of which stubborn resistance might be made, but it is doubtful if General Linevitch will make a stand before he reaches the Sungari river and Chanchiatu. Unless he is able to hold the line of the river, the Russian position will be so weak strategically that he may be compelled to race back of Harbin into Siberia, owing to the fact that as they approach Harbin the Russian front parallels the railroad, rendering the danger of a severance of the sole line of communication constantly greater. The prospect of the isolation of Vladivostok must also be met, and it is urgently necessary to supply the garrison with provisions and ammunition, not for a few months, but for two years.

Two hundred thousand reinforcements from Russia are now necessary to make it possible for the Russians to meet the Japanese on anything like equal terms.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—The possibility that if the Russian army should be unable to hold the lower line of the Sungari river at Chanchiatu, it may be compelled to retreat not only to Harbin, but also farther westward along the railroad, abandoning to the Japanese northern Manchuria and the Russian provinces of Amur and Siberia, as well as the vast territory already lost, is the latest startling news from the front.

The strategic weakness of General Linevitch's position as he falls back northward, is made clear by a Gushu dispatch, in which it is pointed out that unless Chanchiatu and the Sungari lines, a scant hundred miles below Harbin, be held, it will be difficult to maintain a position farther back before Harbin, where, with the front of the army paralleling the railroad, the practicability of a turning movement to completely sever communications and isolate the army six thousand miles from home is too serious for Russian consideration. That such a dispatch should have been permitted to pass the censor at the front is significant; and, if General Linevitch has communicated a similar estimate of the situation direct to Emperor Nicholas, it may account for his Majesty's increased disposition to listen to peace counsels and open negotiations before the Japanese establish themselves on Russian soil.

It can now be definitely stated that the decision to appoint Grand Duke Nicholas Nikolaievich to the supreme command in the Far East was reconsidered, because of the opinion that the outlook at the front does not warrant the risk of compromising the prestige of a member of the imperial family.

At the general staff, the view that General Linevitch may be compelled to abandon Harbin and retire towards Lake Baikal, leaving Vladivostok to its fate, is regarded as almost unwarranted by anything that is officially known there, it being pointed out that Field Marshal Oyama may have an army of 300,000 or 400,000 men.

Meanwhile, Russian reinforcements are arriving at Harbin at the rate of 1,200 men per day. Nevertheless, it is significant that there is now a well-marked peace party at the War Office.

JULES VERNE IS DEAD

Writer of Quasi-Scientific Romances Which Have Scored Brilliant and Lasting Successes and Appealed in a Special Sense to the Imagination of Youthful Readers of Nearly All Nationalities Succumbs to Diabetes.

Amiens, France, By Cable.—Jules Verne died at 3:10 p. m. His family was at his bedside.

M. Verne had been subject to chronic diabetes but it did not assume a critical aspect until March 10. Since then he gradually failed and the end was hastened by a stroke of paralysis covering his right side until the tongue was affected. The sick man retained consciousness until just before his death, his brain being the last organ to fail. He calmly forsook death, called the members of his family to his bedside, and discussed his departure.

Following the announcement of M. Verne's death, telegrams were received from many headquarters. It is expected that the burial will take place here, where M. Verne has long lived and where his most notable romances were written.

Jules Verne was born at Nantes, France, in 1828. He studied law both at home and in Paris, but never practiced, and his series of popular writing pieces for the stage, and in 1863 his first work, "Five Weeks in a Balloon," appeared. The quasi-scientific style employed in that romance was so successful that others in similar vein followed, and his series of marvelous romances have made his name almost a household word. His best known works are: "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea," "The Mysterious Island," "A Floating City," "Michael Strogoff," "Adventures of Captain Hatteras," "Dick Sand, the Boy Captain," "Around the World in Eighty Days," "A Desert of Ice," "Robur, the Conqueror," and "A Country of Diamonds."

An unsuccessful attempt on his life was made in 1886. In 1890 he published his last books, "A Family Without a Name," and "The Purchase of the North Pole."

One of the most affecting incidents of his last illness was the great number of letters and telegrams from children of every nationality, attesting the admiration in which the author was held. His works have been translated into many languages.

Mrs. Chadwick Testifies.

Cleveland, Ohio, Special.—In the bankruptcy court here Mrs. Chadwick testified that her husband, John Chadwick, had been a partner in the firm of Chadwick & Co., which was organized by Attorney L. J. Grossman, acting for Trustee Nathan Loesser, Mrs. Chadwick said that she was not able to give as many details of the transactions as she would like to, because of the absence of papers which were held in a number of cities. She had sent for the papers and expected to have them when the hearing is continued next Thursday. Mrs. Chadwick testified that the total indebtedness would not exceed \$750,000. Of this sum, borrowed from various persons, she had received only \$517,000, leaving \$233,000 for commissions to the moneylenders. She said she owed certain banks in Cleveland \$200,000. Mrs. Chadwick walked from the county jail to the bankruptcy court this afternoon. She looked well and appeared happy.

\$1,000,000 Naval Stores Co.

Jacksonville, Fla., Special.—The naval stores factors and operators, representing the States of Florida, Georgia and Alabama, met here with 300 present and organized the Naval Stores Export Company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, sixty per cent. of which was subscribed by operators. This company was organized to protect Jacksonville and other Florida ports which have been made open markets on account of the former exporters' refusal to accept goods at Florida ports at Savannah prices.

Water Over Children's Heads.

Mobile, Ala., Special.—The weather bureau gives the rainfall of Monday and Tuesday at 9.22 inches, the greatest fall since June 26, 1900, when 12.76 inches fell in eight and a half hours. Water around Jackson street school was over the heads of most of the children attending there, and school could not be held. Many bridges were carried away.

Buffalo Bill Fails to Get Divorce.

Sheridan, Wyo., Special.—"Buffalo Bill," some time called William F. Cody, lost his suit for divorce from Louisa Cody, Judge R. H. Scott, of the District Court, deciding that charges of attempts on the part of the woman to poison her husband had not been proven. Judge Scott asserted that the testimony showed that Mrs. Cody had always been a good mother and a proud and indulgent wife.

Telegraphic Briefs.

The special committee of the Wilmington Methodist Episcopal Conference found all the charges against Rev. C. S. Baker sustained and deposed him from the ministry.

R. B. Grover & Co.'s large shoe factory at Brockton, Mass., was wrecked by a boiler explosion and afterward burned, 43 bodies having been recovered last night, with 114 operatives unaccounted for and some 50 injured.

Judge Parker, late Democratic Presidential candidate, consented to make a speech before the Democratic Club in New York after he learned that their Bryan nor Cleveland would be there.

Incoming New York steamers arrived from two to six days late and were battered by giant seas.

By acquiring 200 acres of land, John Alexanders Dowie has increased his summer estate at Muskegon, Mich., to 265 acres.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland has gone to Florida for three weeks to recuperate from his recent attack of gout.

General Kuropatkin is to be succeeded by Grand Duke Nicholas.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT

On the Part of Russian Nihilist to Kill High Official

A TERRORIST'S ACT IN WARSAW

Baron von Nolken, Chief of Police, Has a Deadly Missile Thrown Into His Carriage and is Seriously Injured, But is Likely to Recover—A Bomb Had Previously Been Thrown Into the Police Station in Order to Bring the Chief to the Scene—Thrower of the Second Bomb Escapes.

Warsaw, By Cable.—A bomb was thrown into the carriage of Baron von Nolken, chief of Police of Warsaw, at 8 o'clock Sunday evening.

According to the latest information, the attack on Baron von Nolken was the result of an elaborate conspiracy of the revolutionary party. Shortly before 8 o'clock tonight, an elegantly dressed man went to the police station at Praga, a large suburb of Warsaw, and threw a bomb into the courtyard of the station, wounding seven persons, two of them dangerously. The man started to run away, but was caught by the captain of the station. He was found to be a Jew, but his identity has not been discovered. A telephone message was immediately sent to Baron von Nolken, at the city hall, informing him of the outrage.

Baron von Nolken, accompanied by a police official, took a carriage and started immediately for Praga. When passing the castle where the Governor General resides, a man standing on the pavement threw a bomb at the carriage. Baron von Nolken, who was sitting on the side nearest the assault, received the full charge of the bomb, while his companion escaped unhurt. The coachman was thrown from the box and the carriage was smashed.

Baron von Nolken was removed to the city hall and doctors were summoned, who found he had received injuries which are believed to be serious on the head, the right arm and leg. Meanwhile the police official accompanying Baron von Nolken saw the bomb thrower fleeing, and pursued and caught up with him, but the criminal proved stronger and tore himself away. Another policeman fired twice after him without result. Half an hour later a man was found dead in Sowiak street, whom the police believe to be the bomb thrower. The police think the man shot himself to escape arrest.

Would Refuse Gift.

Columbus, O., Special.—Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, pastor of the First Congregational church of Columbus, and moderator of the General Council of Congregational churches of the United States in a sermon delivered Sunday, discussed the gift of \$100,000 made by a prominent capitalist to the American Board of Missions. He said:

"The mission proffered to our board of missions comes out of a colossal estate, the most reckless rapacity known to modern commercial history."

"The United States government is engaged in a strenuous attempt to ferret out and punish this injustice, and the people of the United States have a tremendous battle to win their country from the grasp of the greed, which has entrenched itself in this stronghold, and has learned to use the railways for the oppression and spoliation of the people."

"And now, on the eve of this battle, they are asked to accept a great gift of money from the man who, more completely than any other, represents the system they are summoned to fight."

"I hope they are not mean enough to take this money and then turn around and fight him. I hope they are not so faithless to their obligations as to take his money and shut their mouths or become his apostles."

"We do not want this man's money. To accept it will be to work the tempt of millions of honest men; to reject it will strengthen our Church in the affection and respect of millions who are inclined to doubt whether the Churches love God more than mammon."

"Our mission will be richer and stronger without it than with it, and we shall lose nothing by our loyalty to the things unseen and eternal."

Killed by Trolley Car.

Charlotte, N. C., Special.—Mr. J. F. Swannee, a book-binder about 40 years of age, was run over Saturday at noon by a car of the local street car system here, and instantly killed. The coroner's jury on Sunday found the street car company guilty of carelessness.

Brakeman Killed in Wreck.

Knoxville, Tenn., Special.—Brakeman Walter Greer, whose home is at Newton, N. C., was killed and Engineer Thomas M. Graham and Fireman J. M. Nicely painfully injured in a freight wreck on the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap & Louisville branch of the Southern Railway. The rails spread beneath the weight of a 100-ton engine.

Fertilizer Plant Burned.

Rome, Ga., Special.—The plant and stock of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, at East Rome, was entirely destroyed by fire Saturday night, the loss being placed at \$250,000. The insurance is estimated at about one-half the total loss. The fire commenced at about 7:30 o'clock, and the only protection available was that afforded by the apparatus belonging to the company. Two men were seriously burned. The origin is not known.

NORTH STATE NOTES

Occurrences of Interest in Various Parts of the State.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

These figures represent prices paid for cotton in the city of Charlotte, N. C., during the week ending March 24, 1905.

Strict good middling	7-7 1/2
Good middling	7-3 1/2
Strict middling	7-5 1/2
Middling	7-5 1/2
Tingos	6-3 1/2 to 7-1 1/2
Stains	5-1 1/2 to 6-1 1/2

General Cotton Market.

Galveston, easy	7-7 1/2
New Orleans, easy	7-11 1/2
Mobile, steady	7-3 1/2
Savannah, quiet	7-11 1/2
Charleston, quiet	7-3 1/2
Wilmington, steady	7-5 1/2
Norfolk, steady	8
Baltimore, nominal	8-1 1/2
Philadelphia, quiet	8-1 1/2
Houston, steady	7-13 1/2
Augusta, firm	7-7 1/2
Memphis, quiet	7-11 1/2
St. Louis, steady	7-3 1/2
Louisville, firm	7-15 1/2

The Right Thing at Last.

Governor Glenn has written this letter to every solicitor:

"So many requests for rewards are being made, some of which do not seem to be in perfect good faith, that I deem it best to make a rule that no request for a reward will be granted until it receives the endorsement of the solicitor of the district. I therefore urge you, before endorsing an application for reward, to look carefully into the case and see whether in your judgment proclamation should be issued. Sheriffs, deputies and constables should be able to apprehend any criminal in their own county, and should see to it that if the person is a fugitive in another county, a capias be issued to that county and the arrest be made. Also, if they can locate fugitives in another state, they should notify the authorities of that State to apprehend and hold the criminal until it can make requisition. It is getting too common, for them to take things quietly and ask for rewards, when, by diligent search, they could have secured the reward. Having confidence in you, as an officer of State, I will be governed largely by your recommendation."

Appomattox Programme.

The committee in charge of the memorial to North Carolina troops at Appomattox, met and arranged a programme, which may yet be changed somewhat. The date of the celebration has been changed from the 9th of April, which falls on a Sunday, to the day on which the surrender was made to the 10th. The programme is: Opening, with memorial prayer, by Rev. James A. Weston, who was Major of the Thirty-third North Carolina Regiment, and who was in command of it when paroled at Appomattox; remarks by Henry A. London, chairman of the memorial committee; address by Governor Montague, of Virginia; address by Governor Glenn; address by the Hon. J. H. Alford, of North Carolina; address by the Hon. Henry Jerome Stockard, of Raleigh; short addresses by Brigadier Generals William R. Cox and William P. Roberts, who commanded brigades at Appomattox; Thomas S. Garnet, a major general commanding the United Confederate Veterans of Virginia; will be present in command of that body and will take an active part in the exercises. Music will be furnished by the band of the Third Regiment, North Carolina Guard. Twelve or fifteen companies of the National guard are expected to be present. Special trains will be run from Raleigh, Durham, Norfolk and Greensboro.

No Pardon to Blind Tiger.

The Governor declines to grant a pardon to John Stevenson, who was convicted of retailing whiskey without license in Guilford county, in other words operating a blind tiger. The Governor has a very great dislike for this particular crime and thinks it a very low sort of business. He maintains the conviction that the more convictions of crime resulted from blind tigers than any other cause and that a man convicted of operating such a place would have to bring very strong petitions in order to secure a pardon. His view is that the illicit sale of whiskey is the groundwork of most of the crime in the State. He is held by not a few observant people. Great efforts were made to get Stevenson pardoned. His wife came here and made a pitiful plea to the Governor. The latter says he does not want to be hard-hearted, but that his belief is too many pardons are granted.

North State News.

Insurance Commissioner Young is in the western part of the State making investigations of some suspicious fires. He is informed of several fires of this character. His investigations have been very successful in the past and he has succeeded in securing the imprisonment of a number of incendiaries.

The Federal Fire Insurance Company, of Jersey City, has been authorized to do business in this State. As yet the State agent has not been appointed. This brings the number of fire insurance companies doing business in North Carolina up to 107. There are 41 life, 11 assessment, 62 casualty, and 49 fraternal.

The Secretary of State Continues to be Very Busy.

Largely with matters due to the Legislature. He says that 600 pages of the public laws are already in print and that this work is further ahead than ever before. The captions or titles of all the acts and resolutions of the Legislature have been placed in the hands of the public printer.

Mayor Boyden was re-elected at Salisbury in Friday's primaries.

FAIRBANKS SPEAKS

Guest of Honor at Banquet of the Tar Heel Club

HE SPOKE ON POLITICAL LINES

Touches Upon Matters of Large Political Importance—Bald Advocate of Republican Doctrines.

Greensboro, N. C., Special.—Vice-President Fairbanks was the guest of honor at a banquet of the Tar Heel Club here Wednesday night. The occasion was one of great brilliancy. The Vice-President spoke at length, and said in part:

Mr. Fairbanks's Speech.

Mr. Blackburn and Gentlemen of North Carolina:

This is a somewhat belated celebration of Washington's birthday. When I accepted your courteous invitation for the 22nd of last February, I fully expected to fill my engagement, but the exigencies of public business prevented. I urged your committee to permit me to withdraw my acceptance in any case, rather than to postpone the banquet until tonight. I am more than repaid for coming by your most cordial greeting. There is something in Southern hospitality which makes the stranger within your gates feel that he is at home, or, at least, that he is a welcome guest.

It is well that the people of different portions of the country should meet and mingle with each other, for the more they come to know each other, the less danger there is of misunderstanding and the more certainty there is that they will come into accord upon great questions which make for social, material and national growth.

I am not here, my friends, to make a partisan speech, and shall utter no word with respect to those questions which are the subject of sharp partisan differences.

I rejoice with you in the splendid progress made in recent years by the State of North Carolina. Her advance has been notable in every avenue of activity. It has, indeed, been marvelous. New fields of employment have been opened to her people. Her commerce, however, has not been alone in material things, for it has been marked in educational and social conditions; in those higher walks which should distinguish the State. It seems as though she has been touched deeply by the spirit of improvement.

In God's Providence we saw our duty differently a few years ago. We see it the same today. We have faith to believe that never again will there be any cleavage among the people of the United States over lines of latitude or longitude. We are co-sharers in the glory won by valor of those who went down to the field and showed the world the heroic metal of Americans. We are all thankful to him who presides over the affairs of men preserved the unity of the republic and wiped away forever the institution of human slavery.

I was with William McKinley one evening at the beginning of the Spanish-American war, when a battle was in progress, and a man greeted the President whose name abides with us and will abide with us forever as a sweet and precious memory. The President received him cordially, and said: "So you want to go to the war, General?" "Yes, Mr. President," said he, "I want to go to the war. I once fought against the flag, and I wish now, before I die, to fight for it. I love it and honor it."

The President manifested his profound appreciation of the patriotism and the courage of the veteran who spoke, and promised to put upon him the stars of a major general in the army of the Union. He kept the promise, and the old Confederate general, General Joe Wheeler, marched away to vindicate the honor of the stars and stripes.

General Wheeler was in that crisis but a type. Others who had fought against the flag, in the long ago, were inspired by the noble purpose which actuated him, and well demonstrated the gratifying fact of our complete solidarity.

Republican government was ordained to promote justice; to secure each and all in the fullest possible enjoyment of equal rights and privileges under the law. Every American must stand before the law upon a plane of perfect equality with his fellow Americans. Our laws must be inspired by a sense of justice. Let us teach the love of justice at the first side in the school room, in the pulpit, in the press, in the counting house, in the factory. Yes! Teach it everywhere, for without justice abides with us, government is a mockery.

Let us safeguard the rights of property; protect that which honest and patient industry has acquired. But, first of all, and better than all, preserve inviolate the rights of men of low and high degree.

Political parties are essential in popular government. They have existed from the earliest days of the republic, and they will continue to the end. It is of vital importance, therefore, that they should be high-minded and patriotic; that they should stand for those measures which are wholesome and which tend to advance the utmost degree of the public weal. They should support sound and conservative policies, which are the only sure foundation of industrial and social progress and of enduring national greatness.

We should see that parties are kept as pure as we would have the State. They should not be given over to mere time-servers, or to those whose allegiance is not first to the public welfare. Be good party men, but be patriots first of all. President Hayes very well observed that: "He serves his party best who serves his country best."

But, my Democratic friend, you say, "Yes, I grant your claims about the beneficent results following Republican administrations, but it is not respectable to be a Republican in the South"; and some Northern men seemingly are in accord with you in this view.

BATTLE FLAGS RETURNED

War Department Sends Battered Emblems to Governor Glenn

Monday Governor Glenn received from the United States War Department the captured Confederate flags returned to this State under an act of Congress. The flags were at once turned over to your correspondent, who has charge of the Hall of History, and are being installed in very handsome cases of native wood, especially prepared for them. There will be appropriate ceremonies at an early day regarding the return of the flags. The Governor has had many applications to let the flags be sent to individuals, but has very properly declined to grant such requests, feeling that this was the proper place for the flags, as once scattered, they could never again be gotten together. There are 22 flags. Of these, those of the Fourth, Sixth, Thirtieth, Eighteenth, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-eighth, Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Regiments are on staves. In one case, the staff is a pole with the bark on, to which the flag is tied with a shoe string and twine. Flags of the following regiments are not on staves: First, Seventh, Twelfth, Thirtieth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, (two of these), Thirtieth, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-ninth, Forty-seventh, Fifty-second and Fifty-fifth. There is also headquarters flag of General Harrier. The flags fill four cases. Most are fairly well preserved. All are of engagements put on with black stencils. All except four are battle-flags; one of the Thirty-ninth was in western battles, and these are rarely put on in white cloth. Two are North Carolina flags, one of these bearing the white star and the inscription: "May 20th, 1775" and "May 20, 1861."

Fire at Asheville.

Asheboro, Special.—Fire last week destroyed the plant of the Asheville Wood and Iron Company, and the entire wheelbarrow plant was destroyed, loss about five thousand dollars, partially covered by insurance.

The origin of the fire is unknown but it is thought to have caught from a box. By heroic efforts the plant of the Asheville Wood and Iron Company, which is situated near by, was saved.

North State News.

Raleigh, N. C., Special.—In the Wake County Superior Court counsel for Raymond D. Bynum made a motion to compel his trial for the murder of his senior business partner, J. H. Alford, until the next term of court, on the ground that the jail having been under quarantine for smallpox much of the time lately, his counsel had not had time to prepare for the defense. The judge took the question of continuance under advisement and will announce his decision later. The impression is that the continuance will be granted.

The Secretary of State charters the Franklin Kaolin Company, of Franklin, Macon county, with a capital of \$25,000, and the incorporators are George L. Prentiss, S. J. Fisher and J. A. Sinclair. Another charter was also issued for the Anglo-Saxon Publishing Company, of Rockingham, the capital stock \$10,000, authorized, \$5,000 subscribed. The incorporators are M. L. Hinson, E. M. Bogen, and L. M. Williams; also to the Young Men's Industrial Company, of Lincoln. There is no capital stock, the purpose of the corporation being for the maintenance of club apartments, and the promotion of the industrial interests of the town. The Wilmington Southport Telephone and Telegraph Company is incorporated with \$5,000 capital, the incorporators being W. I. Watson, L. J. Pepper, Richard Dasher, W. B. Cooper, and S. F. Craig, trustee. The Sherwood Bobbin Manufacturing Company is authorized to increase its capital stock to \$50,000.

President Winston of the A. & M. College, as president of the summer school established last summer, announces that the school has been discontinued for lack of funds. Last year the summer school received \$1,000 from the Peabody fund but this is cut off now.

Governor Glenn, in an Interview

given out last week, says he and the State Department of Agriculture and Labor are working together for the inauguration of more vigorous campaign for the industrial development of the State, especially the bringing of capital and desirable immigrants into the State. He is gratified at the work of the Agricultural Department has undertaken in bringing to the State desirable farm labor, which there seems to be such urgent demands.

A charter was issued to the Southside Telephone Company, of Youngsville, capital \$10,000; incorporators, G. T. Sykes and J. F. Mitchell; the Gaskill Hardware Company and Mill Supply Company, Jas. Gaskill and W. A. McIntosh are the principal incorporators to do business at Newbern, was also chartered, with \$20,000 capital.

Hon. S. L. Patterson, Commissioner of Agriculture, says that sales of fertilizer tax receipts in the agricultural department, are running about the same as in 1903 but are falling considerably behind the sales for 1904, which were the largest in the history of the State.

82 Battle Flags Returned.

Richmond, Va., Special.—Sixty-two battle flags captured by the Federals from troops of Virginia, in the war between the States, were returned to the Governor by the Secretary of War. The flags came by express and were sent to the Governor direct. He received them and had them transferred for the time being to the Confederate Museum here, where they will be on exhibition.

CHADWICK SENTENCE

Notorious Female Swindler Receives Her Just Deserts

SHE GETS TEN YEARS IN PRISON

United States Judge Taylor Overrules a Motion For a New Trial and Proceeds Accordingly—Other Indictments Will Be Dropped if the Outcome of the Trial Stands on Appeal—Prisoner's Partial Deafness Compelled the Judge to Bawl Out the Sentence—Had Nothing to Say in Her Own Person.

Cleveland, O., Special.—Judge Taylor, in the United States District Court, Monday afternoon overruled a motion for a new trial in the case of Jessie L. Chadwick, and at once sentenced her to ten years imprisonment.

No action will be taken by United States Attorney Sullivan regarding the other six indictments against Mrs. Chadwick in the Federal Court until the present case is finally disposed of, if the present case and sentence is sustained by the last court the other cases will be dropped, otherwise they will be used against the woman.

Mrs. Chadwick was not particularly affected by the action of the court, as, seemingly, she had resigned herself to any action that might be taken. When she was told that the motion for a new trial had been refused she merely nodded her head as if she already knew, though she is so hard of hearing that she could not have known what words he court uttered.

When ordered to stand up and receive the sentence, Mrs. Chadwick did not hear, and was assisted to her feet by Deputy United States Marshal Cloutier. The court asked her if she had anything to say why the sentence should not be pronounced. She looked around in bewilderment. She was not certain what was taking place and had not the slightest idea what the court said. She was then led forward to the bench and the court shouted her question.

Mrs. Chadwick said there was nothing she cared to say herself. Her attorneys made no appeal to the court, and the sentence was immediately imposed.

Mrs. Chadwick was sentenced under an indictment in which she was charged with conspiracy with Beckwith and Spear, president and cashier of the Oberlin National bank, to certify her checks when she had no money in the bank.

Pursuit at an End.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—The impression prevalent in some military circles that the Japanese, having removed the possibility of the main army in Manchuria assuming the initiative, will now turn their attention to the next objective of the war, Vladivostok, is strengthened by the dispatch from Gushu Pass, announcing the withdrawal of the Japanese from the immediate front of the Russian army for a distance of 35 miles south. It is realized, of course, that this may be merely a blind to cover a flanking operation; but it is not improbable that the Japanese, having cleared southern Manchuria of Russian troops and secured a position from whence expulsion would be a long and difficult process, may be satisfied to hold the Tie Pass line without further extension of communication.

While the voice of the Emperor's advisors is for peace if honorable terms are obtainable, the government, as is the part of wisdom, is going forward with all provisions for the continuance of the war. Preparations are reported to be making for the mobilization of five corps. It had been understood that guards would be retained at St. Petersburg; but some of the officers of this organization have been requisitioned, and are making preparations to that end.

There has been a recrudescence of reports of a change in the head of the War Office. It was stated last night in a usually well informed source that Lieutenant General Sakharoff will leave very shortly and be succeeded by General Ridgier, now chief of the chancellery of the War Office. It is also reported that Gen. Polivanoff will be appointed chief of the general staff. Both Polivanoff and Ridgier are of the younger school of generals, but have high reputations as strategists and administrators. General Ridgier is the author of a number of text books on tactics.

The government is advised that Chinese bandits are appearing in great numbers along the Siberian Railroad, and causing interference with the train service.

Anti-Trust Suits.

Little Rock, Ark., Special.—Attorney General L. R. Rogers instituted the first anti-trust suit under the new anti-trust law of Arkansas. The defendant is the German-American Insurance Company, and the Hartford Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn., which are alleged to have transacted business in the State since the new law became effective last Friday, and to have violated the antitrust clause of the act.

THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

BY THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.,

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

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One Year, \$8.00

TRADE COUNCIL
No. 11

STATE OFFICERS NEGLIGENT.

The following from the Wilmington Messenger (Democratic) is the "bull's eye":

"Some sections of the State seem to be run with illicit distilleries. Hardly a day passes that some one or more of our exchanges do not contain accounts of such a foul raid on blockaders by federal officers. It is a significant fact that seldom do we see a report of a State officer doing such work. How is it that this work falls on officers of the federal government? Is it as much a violation of the State law as it is of that of the national government for these unlicensed stills to be operated outside of incorporated towns? In every county in the State there is a sheriff with his deputies, constables and magistrates whose duty it is to see that the State law in regard to operating distilleries is not violated; yet they take no steps to do so. Revenue officers come into their bailiwicks and right under their noses distill these 'shell kettles' in operation. Why is this the case? Are the State officers afraid to do their duty in this respect? Are they inclined to favor this class of law-breakers because they think it would make themselves unpopular to do otherwise? There must be some explanation other than inability to find the moonshine plants; for the revenue officers have no difficulty in doing so. What the cause of prohibition laws in this State is not so much legislation against the legalized sale of liquors as the proper enforcement of the laws already in force and officers of the law who will do their duty in bringing to justice the violators of those laws. Criminal laws are made to deter people from doing wrong and to punish those who violate them. If the people won't do their duty as jurors in convicting those who violate the laws, that is no reason why the sworn officers of the law should not do theirs by bringing the offenders before the courts. The officers should do their duty without regard to what will follow in the courts."

The News and Observer and other sheets who are usually in error will do well to carefully read the above and reflect. They have been accusing the revenue officers of being in collusion with moonshiners and "blind tigers." By taking evidence from papers in your own party it seems the shoe is on the other foot. It does seem a little strange to hear them admit it but it shows they are not so blind but that they know the truth when they meet it in the road.

If the State authorities would assist the revenue officers that work would not be so hard. On several occasions when horse wagons and whiskey have been seized for violation of the law, the local authorities knowingly or unknowingly have allowed the property to be stolen, which a vigilante watch would have prevented.

Are the State officers in collusion with the blind tigers and moonshiners? Or are they afraid of losing votes if they bother their business?

The dispensary campaign in Asheville has reached white heat. Senator Webb, leader of dispensary forces, and Representative Murphy have threatened the Gazette News of that city with a libel suit for charging them with breaking faith with the party. The Gazette-News quotes several prominent businessmen of Asheville as stating that Messrs. Webb and Murphy had promised not to bother the whiskey question in Asheville if elected, but that they broke their promise. It is time now for the voters of the State to bring suit against the leaders of the Democratic party for breaking faith with the masses. Have they ever fulfilled the promises they have made to voters? They should either be forced to fulfill their campaign pledges or they should be prevented from making them.

A police justice in New Jersey has ruled that a woman's tongue is a concealed weapon and one woman was fined \$10 for violent use of same. Hereafter the New Jersey women should leave their tongues at home, in order to escape the Justice's Court.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS

RESOLUTIONS.

ADOPTED BY REPUBLICAN MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

A Policy to Have Every Negro Registered to the Year—And as to See all Impediments Removed that Retard the Growth of the Party.

The Republican members of the last General Assembly drafted and adopted the following resolutions which express their views and the policy they think it necessary to pursue in order to build up a strong Republican party in this State:

To the State Executive Committee of the Republican party in North Carolina:

Gentlemen:—Whereas, we believe that the Republican members of the last General Assembly in North Carolina, now in session at Raleigh, have represented the entire people of the State, and are earnestly desirous of promoting its growth in every town, county and district in the State; and

Whereas, the returns from the last election show that wherever a healthy local organization existed, the counties, counties by counties and active party workers, Republicans were made for the Republican party, and these gains were gained through the aid of the State, showing the fact that out of every five voters, four voted for the Republican ticket, and based decisions of a sound policy to the end that the party may be better organized at the next State election; and

Whereas, it made manifest to us that the growth of the party is retarded in some places, especially in the portions of eastern North Carolina, on account of the character and conduct of local leaders and the management of the party in the particular sections; and

Whereas, these local leaders of the party are often engaged in the local wranglings among themselves for the control of the local party machinery and federal patronage rather than engaging in the more energetic work of building up their party; and

Whereas, the private life of a number of some of the party members and office-holders are such that the self-respecting professional business men in these sections who are anxious to vote the Republican ticket, cannot do so and maintain their self-respect, but are forced to remain in the Democratic party and vote a ticket which sustains their enmity and goes in government of bringing their strong character and members to our rapidly growing party, and as such, trying the State for good government and conservative, safe legislation; and

Whereas, it is apparent in some sections, and notably some of the largest sections of Federal patronage, that the smallest Republican vote and the local leaders and office-holders in these counties are making little or no effort to increase their party's vote, and are actively on their part, coupled with a private and political life that is repugnant to the people generally in these sections, preventing in the path of our party growth, and thereby hundreds of thousands of patriotic and conservative business and professional men who profess to believe in the principles of the Republican party, are prevented from doing so because they cannot take part in the councils and deliberations of the party in these sections without placing themselves under the control and direction of these so-called party leaders whose private and public life and character is repugnant to them and alike odious to the public; and

Whereas, we are anxious to see our party grow and develop in numbers and virility in every county in the State, and are anxious to see every impediment removed that either directly or indirectly retards that growth and realizing that to a large extent your committee can pursue a policy in the State and in these sections, that will purify and elevate our party's standing in those sections to the same high plane which it enjoys elsewhere in the State, we have deemed it wise to submit the following resolutions, to-wit:

1. That federal patronage should in no case be bestowed upon local aspirants unless such aspirants fairly represent the spirit of growth and progress in our party, and whose private and public life is without stain or reproach.

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3. That whenever the State executive committee has satisfactory evidence that any office-holder, or his appointees, are disloyal to the people on account of their character, inefficiency or conduct in private or public life, and such evidence is justly founded, they

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Farming For

PROFIT

There is nothing too good for the Farmer; there is nothing too good for the Farm. Good bates, good houses, good fences, good stock, all on good land, under good management assure good profits. The good applies to all. It must apply throughout, or it will not apply to profits.

Whereas there is discrimination more necessary than in the select of the fences. The farm must be fenced. Hence, select the best fence, the ELLWOOD FENCE.

The Ellwood is built like a bridge—braced, supported, tied; no stronger or more substantial structure possible. Ellwood fences will hold your hogs, cattle, horses, and poultry. Ellwood Fence has always been popular. It answers all purposes and never disappoints.

We have Ellwood Fences for sale, and at prices that will suit you. Command a sale—we have a bargain for you.

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RALEIGH, N. C.

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Shipments made to any part of the State at same price at shop.

MONUMENTS

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Raleigh, N. C.

When writing to advertisers mention the Caucasian and send or call on us.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVE TONIC

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve Tonic is a medicine that cures the sick.

Those whom it cannot benefit—less than one in ten thousand—we prefer to refund their money.

All we ask of you is to try Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve Tonic for your complaint. If you suffer from sleeplessness, nervous exhaustion, dizziness, headache, muscular twitchings, melancholy, loss of memory, weak stomach, poor blood, bilious troubles, epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, etc., we will guarantee to benefit you or refund your money.

You are the doctor.

"My son Bert, when in his 17th year, became subject to attacks of epilepsy, so serious that we were compelled to take him out of school. After several physicians had failed to relieve him, we gave Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve Tonic. After a few days' treatment with Nerve Tonic and Live Pills restored our boy to perfect health."—Mrs. JOHN S. WILSON, Deputy Co. Clerk, Dallas Co., Mo.

FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve Tonic, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank for our Specialist to diagnose your case and tell you what is wrong and how to right it. Absolutely Free. Address: DR. J. C. MILES, MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

Smallpox in Davis.

There are several cases of smallpox near Mocksville in Davie county.

PERSONALLY

Continued Excursion

THE CAUCASIAN

RALEIGH, N. C. March 23, 1901

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Some Squibs of Interest We Have Gathered with Our Paste-Pot and Shears.

and virginia used to furnish most of our Presidents. She now furnishes North Carolina with most of the booze.—Pittsboro Inter-Press.

It is said that Governor Glenn has more than fifteen hundred applications for the eight directorships in the North Carolina Railroad. That is a record for the number of applications for a position in the State.—Raleigh Enterprise.

The Ward bill concentrates the liquor in the hands of a few big establishments without decreasing the amount manufactured and consumed. This is a deceptive bill which has deceived many true friends of temperance.—Shelby Aurora.

If a stranger was to pass our express company's place in the morning at 1 p. m. each day and was not told that the express office he would swear it was a disreputable warehouse—between the grand jury and the express company, the grand jury and the express company, the grand jury and the express company.

What have we as the net result of the session of the Legislature? A whole raft of legislation on whiskey, fish and divorce legislation, which will not in a thousand years add one iota to wealth, temperance and morality of the State.—Raleigh Post.

A part of the net result was to draw out more than \$70,000 from the State Treasury to pay themselves for doing less than nothing.—People's Paper.

The special privileges extended to the Taxway hotels to sell liquor to their guests is as much class legislation as opposed to all that is just and right as the granting of special privileges to Williams and Shoro. The Taxway guests are wealthy people and because they are wealthy, and for no other reason on the face of the earth, they were given special favors. The Statesville Landmark, concluding an exceedingly sensible editorial on this subject, says:

"Meanwhile, the wealthy who emigrate to go to Taxway, and the Mountain Park, can get their liquor, but the one-gallon fellow can't even get a jugful shipped to him from Salisbury. Great is humbug, and great is hypocrisy!"—Charity and Children.

The last Legislature was about the sorriest the State has had for many years. Had the body adjourned the day after they met the State would have been better off. We have no tax to grind and there are no troops around The Sun and we are free and at liberty to say of the last General Assembly just what ought to be said and is being said by all papers who wish to tell the true story.—Rutherford Star.

It is rather unusual to find a Democratic paper with the courage to speak out like The Sun has done in the above, but every word of it is true. The trouble is that The Sun didn't do its duty in helping the Republicans to keep that crowd away from Raleigh. "We told you so!"—Shelby Aurora.

Clarksville, Tenn., March 27.—Four men were killed today when a string of freight cars running wild on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad crashed into a freight train at here.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Sampson County.

This column will be devoted each week to a single item and general news pertaining to Sampson County.

CLINTON, N. C., March 27, 1901.

Mr. James McCullen, a highly respected citizen of North Clinton Township died of a gripple last Saturday at quite a ripe old age. He was a good man and will be missed at home in the community where he resided. He leaves a wife and four sons and three daughters to mourn their loss. He was the father of C. E. McCullen, attorney at law of Burgaw, N. C., and of Mr. J. J. McCullen, who is in the service of the A. C. L. R. Co., at Wilmington, N. C., and of W. E. McCullen, of Goldsboro, who was once editor and manager of The Clinton Caucasian at Clinton, N. C. We extend our sympathy.

Look out boys! If you don't walk a chalky ginger blue you will get caught up with sure. The last Legislature appointed 45 more Democratic magistrates for Sampson county and we already had about 70 magistrates all told. Now the next thing is to give them something to do and learn them how to do it. Not many of the good farmers of our county are seeking office, nor do they know much of the duties appertaining thereto, but when a good Democratic Legislature thrusts office upon them they have to grin and bear it and do the best they can if they do wrong.

Mr. Thomas Nolly, of Clinton, died of cancer of the stomach on the night of March 26, 1901, at his home on Methodist street. He had been sick for several days and his sufferings were intense. Mr. Nolly had for several years been a member of the Baptist church and the tolling of the bells of the town will for many days and years bring to memory the faithful touch of our good friend, Mr. Nolly. He was a jeweler by trade and a gifted musician. He has rendered a service as organist at the various churches of the town for several years. He will be missed and his place will be hard to fill, in fact, we do not believe it can be filled in every particular. We are prepared to exclaim with his relatives and many friends, "We shall miss him!"

Our farmers are turning the earth over in Sampson and it begins to look like our people will reap if they wait not when they are blessed with such delightful weather as this. The "big blues" are coming along and it won't be long before when you look down a Sampson county man's mouth it will remind you of looking into a far hole or some other black place. Since The Caucasian is not published in Sampson now the people should send up a dollar or a half dollar to Mr. L. P. Butler and get the Raleigh Caucasian. It is a hot number and a good paper.

Twenty-Eight Convicts Saw Through Stockade. Houston, Texas, March 27.—Twenty-eight Texas convicts on the plantation of J. B. S. House, of Houston, in Fort Bend county, have escaped by sawing through the floor of the stockade with case knives.

CRIME TALKS AHEAD AT NOON. And the Sound of the Pistol is More Frequent Than the Song of the Mocking Bird—Three People Killed Within a Few Hours Near One Locality.

Charlotte, N. C., March 27.—A succession of tragedies in the past twenty-four hours has startled the people of this immediate section. Deputy Sheriff L. C. Hilton, of Polk county, N. C., was shot and instantly killed at Tryon yesterday by Frank Durham. The shooting occurred about 2 o'clock.

Durham was arrested yesterday by Deputy Hilton on a warrant charging him with carrying concealed weapons. After the arrest of Durham, both he and the officer went into a magistrate's office to arrange for Durham to give bond for his appearance at the next term of the criminal court, when Durham attempted to escape. Officer Hilton gave chase and opened fire on the fleeing man, commanding him to halt. The fire was returned by Durham with fatal effect.

Near Lincoln this afternoon P. K. Helms, a respected farmer, was found dead in a field with his throat cut. Suspicion attaches to a prominent citizen, but no arrests have been made. The crime is enveloped in the deepest mystery.

In Winchester county, S. C., this afternoon W. E. Perry, an operative at Wyle Cotton Mills, shot and killed L. L. Bozart, manager of the company's store. The shooting followed an account of four dollars which Perry owed the store. Perry escaped to the woods.

STARTLING MORTALITY. Statistics show startling mortality from appendicitis and peritonitis. To prevent and cure these awful diseases, there is just one reliable remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

THE DOMINICAN RECEIVERSHIP.

The President Directs United States to Become Temporary Receiver Pending Action of Senate.

Washington, March 28.—President Roosevelt gave orders today which provide that the United States government shall act as the temporary receiver of Santo Domingo, pending the action of the Senate. The Dominican government is to be created by the President of the United States, and the revenue collected by them at Santo Domingo customs houses are to be deposited in a New York bank, pending final action by the United States Senate on the treaty between the American and the Dominican governments.

MODOR POISONED HER THREE CHILDREN. Man Had Promised to Marry Her if She Would Get Rid of Them.

Paducah, Ky., March 27.—Mary Brockwell, whose three children died in agony last Saturday, after a sudden and mysterious attack of illness, confessed today that she poisoned the little ones with morphine and kerosene. She said that George Albertson had promised to marry her if she got rid of the children. Mrs. Brockwell's husband is living, a religious minister, in an asylum, and the woman would have added bigamy to murder if she had married Albertson. She is in jail and Albertson is under arrest as an accessory.

Women as Metal-Workers. Some of the handsomest studios in New York, Chicago and other large cities belong to women working in the field of applied art, and their attainments vie in interest with those of the painters and sculptors of their sex.

The author of "The Simple Life" needs no introduction to American readers, and his admirers will be glad to know that the first article he has written since his return to France appears in the April "Cosmopolitan." It is called "The French Mother," and in the charming study of maternal life he has not failed to institute comparisons with the mothers of America as he has observed them.

THE COLONEL'S WATERLOO. Colonel John M. Fuller, of Honey Grove, Texas, nearly met his Waterloo from liver and kidney trouble. In a recent letter, he says: "I was nearly dead, of those complaints, and, although I tried every family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50c bottle of your great Eucalypti Bitters which cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Eucalypti Bitters, guaranteed to cure, Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Kidney Disease, by all druggists at 50c a bottle.

WANTED. Ladies and gentlemen in this and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise the Wholesale and Educational Departments of an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary \$34 per day, with expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address, Blew Bros. & Co., Dept. 6, Monon Bldg., Chicago, I. I.

Sick Headache

When your head aches, there is a storm in the nervous system, centering in the brain.

This irritation produces pain in the head, and the turbulent nerve current sent to the stomach causes nausea, vomiting.

This is sick headache, and is dangerous, as frequent and prolonged attacks weaken the brain, resulting in loss of memory, inflammation, epilepsy, fits, dizziness, etc.

Alay this stormy, irritated, aching condition by taking Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

They stop the pain by soothing, strengthening and relieving the tension upon the nerves—not by paralyzing them, as do most headache remedies.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills do not contain opium, morphine, chloral, cocaine or similar drugs.

Sick headache is hereditary in my family. My father suffered a great deal, and for many years I have had spells that were so severe that I was unable to attend to my business affairs for a day or so at a time. During a very severe attack of headache, I took Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and they relieved me almost immediately. Since then I take them when I feel the spell coming on and it stops it at once.

JOHN J. McBRIDE, Pres. S. B. Eng. Co., South Bend, Ind. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

The Review of Reviews for April publishes these passages in Dr. Osler's Baltimore address of February 2nd which have provoked controversy.

Baltimore and Carolina to Elizabeth City. Baltimore, March 27.—The Suffolk and Carolina Railroad Company, which is owned by Baltimore, has made an important traffic agreement with the Seaboard Air Line Railroad. Under this agreement, the Suffolk and Carolina will be able to run through passenger trains from Portsmouth to Elizabeth City, N. C. The arrangement becomes effective on April 1st.

Ref Man Arrested. Thos. J. Connor, the general manager of the Armour & Co., in Chicago, was arrested Tuesday on a bench warrant, charging him with contriving corruptly to influence and intimidate witnesses who are expected to give testimony before the federal grand jury, in the investigation of the beef trust.

STRIKES HIDDEN ROCK. When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of consumption, pneumonia, etc., you are lost, if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. McKinnon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave me relief, and no bottle cured me." Rare cure for sore throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed at all druggists. Price, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

A Fierce Tornado. St. Paul, March 27.—A tornado swept over Louisville, Minn., tonight, destroying three elevators and the great Northern depot and numerous houses, and injuring ten persons.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pains, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THE ONLY Independent Semi-Weekly in the State, Free and outspoken on all subjects—the Simmons Machine a specialty. Think what it says, and says what it thinks. Only \$1.00 a Year. Try it 3, 6 or 12 months just as you like. J. F. CLICK, EDITOR, HICKORY, N. C.

THE SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY. ANNOUNCES THE INAUGURATION OF THE SHOO-FLY TRAIN Between Weldon and Raleigh WITH CONNECTIONS FROM OXFORD, LOUISBURG AND WARRENTON, COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 9TH.

The Seaboard Air Line takes great pleasure in announcing the inauguration of the Shoo-Fly train between Weldon and Raleigh, making

No. 29. Lv. Weldon 6:45 a. m. Arrives Norfolk 8:00 a. m. Lv. Norfolk 8:20 a. m. Arrives Henderson 8:53 a. m. Arrives Frankinton 9:25 a. m. Arrives Raleigh 10:15 a. m.

No. 30. Lv. Raleigh 5:00 p. m. Arrives Frankinton 6:03 p. m. Arrives Henderson 6:29 p. m. Arrives Norfolk 6:55 p. m. Arrives Weldon 7:15 p. m. Arrives Weldon 8:30 p. m.

No. 29. Lv. Oxford 7:45 a. m. Arr. Henderson 8:30 a. m. Lv. Louisville 8:10 a. m. Arr. Frankinton 9:25 a. m.

No. 30. Lv. Henderson 9:00 a. m. 6:40 p. m. Arr. Oxford 9:15 a. m. 7:25 p. m. Lv. Frankinton 6:10 p. m. Arr. Louisville 6:35 p. m.

The above schedules on the branch lines will in no way affect the present connections with regular No. 39 and 41.

For further information in regard to schedule apply to C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

C. B. RYAN, G. P. A., Portsmouth, Va.

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ROYSTER FERTILIZERS

HAVE HELD THE RECORD IN NORTH CAROLINA

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TRADE MARK. SEE THAT THE TRADE MARK IS ON F. S. R. REGISTERED. EVERY BAG NONE GENUINE WITHOUT IT.

Ask your dealers for ROYSTERS' GOODS, and don't take substitutes. For sale everywhere.

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Garden Truck

can be raised profitably only in soil containing plenty of Potash. All vegetables require a fertilizer containing at least 10 per cent. actual

Potash

Without Potash no fertilizer is complete, and failure will follow its use. Every farmer should have a reliable source of Potash. The Seaboard Air Line Railroad has a large stock of Potash for sale at low prices. Write for the Seaboard Potash Book.

GERMAN KALI WORKS New York 22 Nassau Street, or Atlanta, Ga.—25 South Broad Street.

WANTED. DETECTIVES, Responsible, Sharp, During Young Men everywhere. Experience unnecessary. Enclose stamp for particulars. Grandell's Detective Bureau, Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES Will some business young lady (stenographer preferred) matrimonially inclined, write to Seaboard Air Line, N. C. "H. S. Care Box 104, CHRONLY, N. C.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.

SPECIAL LOW RATES TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Seaboard announces the sale of one-way second-class colonist tickets from all points in North Carolina to the Pacific Coast, commencing March 5th and continuing on sale until May 31st.

Rate from Raleigh to San Francisco is \$18.25; corresponding low rates from other stations will apply to a principal points on the Pacific Coast.

For full particulars, time tables, etc., apply to CHAS. H. GATTIS, Traveling Passenger Agent, RALEIGH, N. C.

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THOUSANDS SAVED BY DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, La-Grippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. Every bottle guaranteed. No Cure. No Pay. Price 50c. & \$1. Trial bottle free.

ECZEMA. FILES, PUPLER, OLD SORES, ETC. CAN BE CURED AT ONCE. READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER.

The Ec-Zine Co., Chicago. Gentlemen:—Enclosed find one dollar to pay for one bottle of EC-ZINE and 25 cents for Ec-Zine Soap. I have used both on both legs from ankle to knee and I have been so bad at times I had to go on stilts. Since I commenced the use of EC-ZINE my trouble has nearly disappeared, in fact it feels like it was well, but there are a few rough spots yet I don't want to stop treatment with one bottle. Send me another bottle as soon as possible and a cake of soap, after I use it I expect to be perfectly cured and then I will tell you all about it. I have been under treatment for four years and I can't begin to tell you what I have suffered and the great trouble and expense I have endured in that time, but I have great hopes that I will soon be cured. I certainly believe I have struck the right remedy at last. With best wishes I am, Yours truly, D. L. ALEXANDER, Mr. Pleasant, N. C.

\$50. Reward will be paid for any skin disease ECZEMA, PUPLER, OLD SORES, PUPLER, OLD SORES, ETC., which the new Radium remedy—EC-ZINE—will not cure promptly. Send today for a FREE treatment, sufficient to cure any ordinary case.

THE EC-ZINE COMPANY M. KUPFERMEIER, Sales Agent 105 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.

SPECIAL RATES VIA SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

ATLANTA, GA.

On account of Tabernacle Bible (and runs, Atlanta, Ga., March 21st-April 3rd, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare and one-third on certificate plan.

SAVANNAH, GA.

On account of Fourth Annual Tournament Golf Association, Savannah, Ga., May 9-13, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 25 cents from all points. Tickets sold May 7th, 8th, 9th, final limit May 13th.

KANSAS CITY, MO.

On account of Southern Baptist Convention, Kansas City, Mo., May 10-17, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 50 cents in addition to 25 cents for validating tickets. Tickets sold May 7-11, inclusive, final limit May 23rd.

ATLANTA, GA.

On account of Annual Association of Manufacturers, Atlanta, Ga., May 16-18, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 25 cents. Tickets sold May 14-15, final limit May 20th, with the privilege of extension.

SAVANNAH, GA.

On account of Annual Travellers' Protective Association of Association of America, Savannah, Ga., May 13-15, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 50 cents. Tickets sold May 13-14, final limit May 20th, with the privilege of extension.

FORT WORTH, TEX.

On account of General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church, Fort Worth, Tex., May 18-23, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus \$2. Tickets sold May 15, 16, 17, final limit May 31st.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

On account of Annual Baptist University, St. Louis, Mo., May 13-24, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 25 cents. Tickets sold May 14, 15, 16, final limit May 27th.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

On account of Southern Atlantic Missionary Conference, Asheville, N. C., May 17-21, the Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 25 cents for round trip. Tickets sold May 14-17, final limit May 23rd.

Tao Seaboard also announces low second class colonist rates to Pacific Coast points until May 1, 1905.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Short Line principal cities of the South and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest. Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City.

Schedule effective January 8th, 1905.

Trains leave Raleigh as follows: No. 60, NORTHBOUND. 1:25 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS," for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

No. 38, "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for ALL LOCAL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norfolk to Richmond; connects at Henderson for Oxford and Weldon; with A. C. L., at Portsmouth-Norfolk with ALL STEAMERS for points North and Northeast No. 66.

11:50 a. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, at Washington with Penna. B. & O. for all points. No. 67, SOUTHBOUND.

4:15 p. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

No. 43. 4:00 p. m. SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL for Charlotte, Atlanta and all local points, connects at Atlanta for all points south and southwest.

No. 43. 7:00 p. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Atlanta, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

Tickets on sale to all points, Pullman berths reserved, tickets delivered at residence from UPTOWN TICKET OFFICE, Yarrow House Building, HAMORSON, C. P. & T. A. RALEIGH, N. C.

C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A., Phone 117, Raleigh N. C. C. B. RYAN, G. P. A., Portsmouth, Va.

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